**Week 3: SPRING CORE MAVEN**

**Mandatory Handson:**

**Exercise 1: Configuring a Basic Spring Application**

**Scenario:**

Your company is developing a web application for managing a library. You need to use the Spring Framework to handle the backend operations.

**Steps:**

1. **Set Up a Spring Project:**
   * Create a Maven project named **LibraryManagement**.
   * Add Spring Core dependencies in the **pom.xml** file.
2. **Configure the Application Context:**
   * Create an XML configuration file named **applicationContext.xml** in the **src/main/resources** directory.
   * Define beans for **BookService** and **BookRepository** in the XML file.
3. **Define Service and Repository Classes:**
   * Create a package **com.library.service** and add a class **BookService**.
   * Create a package **com.library.repository** and add a class **BookRepository**.
4. **Run the Application:**

Create a main class to load the Spring context and test the configuration

Solution:

Create a Maven project named LibraryManagement

Pom.xml file:

<project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"

xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">

<modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>

<groupId>com.library</groupId>

<artifactId>LibraryManagement</artifactId>

<version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>

<dependencies>

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>

<version>5.3.31</version>

</dependency>

</dependencies>

</project>

**Path**: src/main/resources/applicationContext.xml:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"

xsi:schemaLocation="

http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans

http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">

<bean id="bookRepository" class="com.library.repository.BookRepository" />

<bean id="bookService" class="com.library.service.BookService">

<property name="bookRepository" ref="bookRepository"/>

</bean>

</beans>

BookRepositiry.java:

package com.library.repository;

public class BookRepository {

public void saveBook(String bookName) {

System.out.println("Book \"" + bookName + "\" saved to repository.");

}

}

BookService.java:

package com.library.service;

import com.library.repository.BookRepository;

public class BookService {

private BookRepository bookRepository;

public void setBookRepository(BookRepository bookRepository) {

this.bookRepository = bookRepository;

}

public void addBook(String bookName) {

System.out.println("Adding book: " + bookName);

bookRepository.saveBook(bookName);

}

}

Main.java:

package com.library;

import com.library.service.BookService;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;

public class MainApp {

public static void main(String[] args) {

ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");

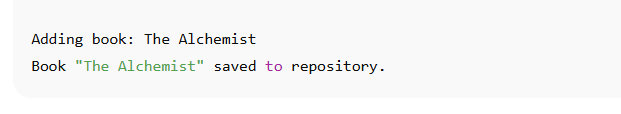
BookService bookService = (BookService) context.getBean("bookService");

bookService.addBook("The Alchemist");

}

}

Output:



**Exercise 2: Implementing Dependency Injection**

**Scenario:**

In the library management application, you need to manage the dependencies between the BookService and BookRepository classes using Spring's IoC and DI.

**Steps:**

1. **Modify the XML Configuration:**
   * Update **applicationContext.xml** to wire **BookRepository** into **BookService**.
2. **Update the BookService Class:**
   * Ensure that **BookService** class has a setter method for **BookRepository**.
3. **Test the Configuration:**
   * Run the **LibraryManagementApplication** main class to verify the dependency injection.

Solution:

Modify applicationContext.xml:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"

xsi:schemaLocation="

http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans

http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">

<bean id="bookRepository" class="com.library.repository.BookRepository" />

<bean id="bookService" class="com.library.service.BookService">

<property name="bookRepository" ref="bookRepository"/>

</bean>

</beans>

Update BookService.java:

package com.library.service;

import com.library.repository.BookRepository;

public class BookService {

private BookRepository bookRepository;

public void setBookRepository(BookRepository bookRepository) {

this.bookRepository = bookRepository;

}

public void addBook(String bookName) {

System.out.println("Adding book: " + bookName);

bookRepository.saveBook(bookName);

}

}

Test with Main.java:

package com.library;

import com.library.service.BookService;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;

public class MainApp {

public static void main(String[] args) {

ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");

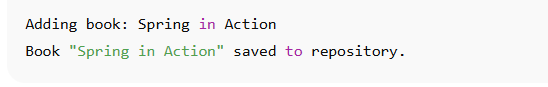
BookService bookService = (BookService) context.getBean("bookService");

bookService.addBook("Spring in Action");

}

}

Output:



**Exercise 4: Creating and Configuring a Maven Project**

**Scenario:**

You need to set up a new Maven project for the library management application and add Spring dependencies.

**Steps:**

1. **Create a New Maven Project:**
   * Create a new Maven project named **LibraryManagement**.
2. **Add Spring Dependencies in pom.xml:**
   * Include dependencies for Spring Context, Spring AOP, and Spring WebMVC.
3. **Configure Maven Plugins:**
   * Configure the Maven Compiler Plugin for Java version 1.8 in the pom.xml file.

Solution:

Create a new Maven project:

src/main/java/resources/pom.xml

Add Spring Dependencies in pom.xml:

<project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"

xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"

xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0

http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">

<modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>

<groupId>com.library</groupId>

<artifactId>LibraryManagement</artifactId>

<version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>

<properties>

<maven.compiler.source>1.8</maven.compiler.source>

<maven.compiler.target>1.8</maven.compiler.target>

</properties>

<dependencies>

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>

<version>5.3.31</version>

</dependency>

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-aop</artifactId>

<version>5.3.31</version>

</dependency>

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>

<version>5.3.31</version>

</dependency>

<dependency>

<groupId>javax.servlet</groupId>

<artifactId>javax.servlet-api</artifactId>

<version>4.0.1</version>

<scope>provided</scope>

</dependency>

</dependencies>

<build>

<plugins>

<plugin>

<groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>

<artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>

<version>3.10.1</version>

<configuration>

<source>1.8</source>

<target>1.8</target>

</configuration>

</plugin>

</plugins>

</build>

</project>

**WEEK 3: Spring Data JPA with Spring Boot, Hibernate**

**Spring Data JPA - Quick Example**

Solution:

**MySQL Setup**

CREATE SCHEMA ormlearn;

CREATE TABLE country (

co\_code VARCHAR(2) PRIMARY KEY,

co\_name VARCHAR(50)

);

INSERT INTO country VALUES ('IN', 'India');

INSERT INTO country VALUES ('US', 'United States of America');

**application.properties**

src/main/resources/application.properties

logging.level.org.springframework=info

logging.level.com.cognizant=debug

logging.level.org.hibernate.SQL=trace

logging.level.org.hibernate.type.descriptor.sql=trace

logging.pattern.console=%d{dd-MM-yy} %d{HH:mm:ss.SSS} %-20.20thread %5p %-25.25logger{25} %25M %4L %m%n

spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver

spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/ormlearn

spring.datasource.username=root

spring.datasource.password=root

spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=validate

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5Dialect

**Main Application**

package com.cognizant.ormlearn;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.service.CountryService;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;

import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;

import java.util.List;

@SpringBootApplication

public class OrmLearnApplication {

private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OrmLearnApplication.class);

private static CountryService countryService;

public static void main(String[] args) {

ApplicationContext context = SpringApplication.run(OrmLearnApplication.class, args);

LOGGER.info("Inside main");

countryService = context.getBean(CountryService.class);

testGetAllCountries();

}

private static void testGetAllCountries() {

LOGGER.info("Start");

List<Country> countries = countryService.getAllCountries();

LOGGER.debug("countries={}", countries);

LOGGER.info("End");

}

}

**Country.java**

package com.cognizant.ormlearn.model;

import jakarta.persistence.\*;

@Entity

@Table(name = "country")

public class Country {

@Id

@Column(name = "co\_code")

private String code;

@Column(name = "co\_name")

private String name;

public String getCode() { return code; }

public void setCode(String code) { this.code = code; }

public String getName() { return name; }

public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }

@Override

public String toString() {

return "Country [code=" + code + ", name=" + name + "]";

}

}

com.cognizant.ormlearn.repository

package com.cognizant.ormlearn.repository;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.model.Country;

import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;

@Repository

public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, String> {

}

**CountryService.java**

package com.cognizant.ormlearn.service;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.model.Country;

import com.cognizant.ormlearn.repository.CountryRepository;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

import java.util.List;

@Service

public class CountryService {

@Autowired

private CountryRepository countryRepository;

@Transactional

public List<Country> getAllCountries() {

return countryRepository.findAll();

}

}

**2.Difference between JPA, Hibernate and Spring Data JPA**

| Feature | JPA | Hibernate | Spring Data JPA |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Type | Specification (API) | Framework / Implementation | Framework (Abstraction Layer) |
| Defined By | Java EE (JSR 338) | Red Hat (Open Source) | Spring Project |
| Purpose | Provides standard API for ORM | Implements JPA + extra features | Simplifies JPA usage |
| Implements | Nothing (Interface only) | Implements JPA | Uses JPA implementation (e.g., Hibernate) |
| Main Advantage | Decouples persistence logic from implementation | Rich features, mature, widely adopted | Eliminates boilerplate code, repository abstraction |
| Transaction Management | Not provided | Supported | Spring-managed with @Transactional |
| Ease of Use | Requires more setup | Easier than plain JPA | Easiest (declarative programming style) |

**Relationship between them:**

Spring Data JPA

↑

(uses)

↑

JPA Interface

↑

(implemented by)

↑

Hibernate